# INSTRUCTIONS TO CANDIDATES

- Do not open this booklet until asked to do so.
- 2. Do not leave the examination hall until the test is over and permitted by the invigilator.
- 3. Fill up the necessary information in the space provided on the cover of the Question Booklet and the Answer Sheet before commencement of the test.
- 4. Check for the completeness of the Question Booklet immediately after opening.
- 5. The duration of the test is 2 hours.
- 6. There are 150 questions. Each question has four answer options marked (1), (2), (3) or (4).
- 7. Answers are to be marked on the Answer Sheet, which is provided separately.
- 8. Choose the most appropriate option and darken the oval completely, corresponding to (1), (2), (3) or (4) against the relevant question number.
- 9. Use only HB pencil to darken the oval for answering.
- 10. Do not darken more than one oval against any question, as scanner will read such marking as wrong answer.
- 11. If you wish to change any answer, erase completely the one already marked and darken the fresh oval with an HB pencil.
- 12. All questions carry equal marks. There is negative marking. 0.25 mark will be deducted for every wrong answer.
- 13. Rough work, if any, is to be done on the Question Booklet only. No separate sheet will be provided/used for rough work.
- 14. Calculator, Mobile, etc., are not permitted inside the examination hall.
- 15. Candidate using unfair means in the test will be disqualified.
- 16. Appropriate civil/criminal proceedings will be instituted against the candidate taking or attempting to take this booklet or part of it outside the examination hall, besides cancellation of his/her candidature.
- 17. The right to exclude any question(s) from final evaluation rests with the testing authority.

THIS QUESTION BOOKLET AND THE ANSWER SHEET ARE TO BE RETURNED ON COMPLETION OF THE TEST



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## SPACE FOR ROUGH WORK

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Directions (Questions 1 - 30): Study the following passages and answer the questions that follow each passage.

## Passage I

German car major Volkswagen AG aims to source more parts from India for its global operations, and also hopes to triple its annual component sourcing out of India to over € 300 million (₹ 2,074 crore) over the next 3-5 years. The carmaker looks to double the number of component suppliers to over 200 to expand its range of spare parts made for global markets. This move, apart from helping Volkswagen source cost-effective components, will also help it increase its localization to over 90% for its much awaited small car UP!, which will be launched here in the next two-three years. The higher localization will help Volkswagen price its small car aggressively and take on market leaders Maruti Suzuki and Hyundai India. The executive director for components purchasing for Volkswagen group in India, told ET: "We are still seeing India as a very competitive sourcing base - there's a cost advantage of at least 10-15% over Western Europe. And having worked with Indian vendors over the past few years, their capabilities too have matured and we do see them playing a bigger role." Volkswagen plans to invest close to € 250 million (₹ 1,728 crore) over the next few years on tooling and vendor development as newer models like UP! are being introduced in the market. The company has already invested a similar amount since its entry. The German company today sources power train components, engine and transmission parts, metallic parts, sheet metal and a lot of small plastic parts. The company will be sourcing close to € 50 million (₹ 432 crore) of plastic parts annually. This is part of an overall plan to source close to € 1 billion worth components from India, both for domestic and global operations. Volkswagen AG sources € 70-80 billion worth of components annually from across the world. Increased localization will also help the company derisk itself of currency fluctuations.

- 1. How many component manufacturers does the German car major Volkswagen have in India presently?
  - (1) About 100
- (2) Over 200
- (3) None presently
- (4) Can't say
- 2. Which of the following competitive advantages are highlighted in the passage for Volkswagen in the Indian market due to higher localization?
  - (1) Lower priced cars to challenge established players.
  - (2) Derisking itself of currency fluctuations.
  - (3) Higher global sales turnover for components sourced out of India.
  - (4) All these
- 3. Which of the following statements is/are true as per the passage?
  - (1) Volkswagen sources 90% of its global component requirements from India.
  - (2) Volkswagen is into manufacturing of vehicles other than cars also.
  - (3) Volkswagen is presently sourcing about ₹ 700/- crore worth of components from India.
  - (4) All these
- 4. It can be inferred from the passage that
  - A. Volkswagen finds India to be a cheaper source for components than some other global bases.
  - B. The Indian component manufacturers have a better understanding of Volkswagen's requirements now than, say, 5-10 years ago.
  - C. Volkswagen's plans are to gradually concentrate its component sourcing in India.
  - (1) A & B
- (2) A only
- (3) B only
- (4) A, B & C

MD 1000/B/2K12/02

(2)



#### Passage II

We teach our children to work hard and never, ever give up. We teach them to be grateful, to be full of wonder, to expect good things to happen and to search for literal and figurative treasure on every beach, in every room, and in every person. But some day, when the treasure hunt is over, we'll also teach them to fire people. Why? After working with the most inventive people in the world for two decades, we've discovered the value of a certain item in the leadership toolbox : the pink slip. How many of you out there have gotten the "what took you so long?" question from your staff when you finally said goodbye to a teammate who seemed always part of problems instead of solutions? These people passive-aggressively block innovation and will suck the energy out of any organization. 'Victims' are people who see problems as occasions for persecution rather than challenges to overcome. So if you want an innovative team, you simply can't include victims. Fire the victims. (Note to the HR department: victims are also the most likely to feel the company has maliciously terminated them. So have your documentation in order before you let victims go). We love the Henry Ford quote: "If you think you can or think you cannot, you are correct." The difference between the winning team and the losing one that comes up short is a lack of willpower. If you are a leader who says your mission is to innovate, but you have a staff that houses 'non-believers', you are either a lousy leader or in denial. You deserve the staff you get. Terminate the non-believers. The best innovators are learners, not 'knowers'. On the job, the person who can figure things out the quickest is often celebrated. And unfortunately, it is often this most-seasoned employee who becomes expert in using his or her knowledge to explain why things are impossible rather than possible. This employee should be challenged, retrained, and compensated for failing forward. But if this person's habits are too deeply ingrained, you must let him or her go. Otherwise, this individual will keep your team from seeing opportunity right under your noses. You don't want the victims, non-believers, or know-it-alls. It is up to you to make sure they take their anti-innovative outlooks elsewhere.

- 5. What does the "pink slip" signify?
  - (1) A cheque towards bonus for a job well done,
  - (2) Orders for termination from the job.
  - (3) A surprise gift wrapped in pink color paper.
  - (4) None of these
- 6. Broadly, what are the different types of employees considered 'undesirable' for any organisation?
  - (1) Victims, learners and seasonal experts.
  - (2) Victims, innovation blockers and learners.
  - (3) Victims, non-believers and know-it-alls.
  - (4) Victims, innovators and know-it-alls.
- 7. In what context has the author of the passage quoted Henry Ford?
  - (1) To spice up the article with a juicy quote.
  - (2) To make the narrative more interesting.
  - (3) To highlight the fact that success, or otherwise, depends on one's own beliefs.
  - (4) It has been used totally out of context.
- 8. What is the paradox that the author is referring to in the passage?
  - (1) You need to sometimes lay-off even the senior-most employees of the organization.
  - (2) After working with the most inventive peoples, you have to sack them one day.
  - (3) We teach our children to look for the positives in other people, but one day end up teaching them to lay-off people if the need is felt.
  - (4) None of these

MD 1000/B/2K12/02

## Passage III

Customer anticipation and satisfaction are two capricious variables that every service industry seeks to master in order to succeed. Some gambits are new, others age-old and time-tested. A great example of the latter, of course, is the way restaurants fill up the long minutes between taking orders and serving food by a calibrated series of 'build-up' measures. Pouring water, then bringing the bread basket and finally ceremoniously laying heated plates in front of hungry diners are the 30-minute prelude to the final event: the food. If all this was done beforehand, customer impatience would be practically guaranteed. Airlines padding their 'block time' to burnish their on-time arrival records is another variant of the anticipation-satisfaction principle. Differences in stated flight times on same routes by various airlines are rationalized by prospective passengers as consequences of aircraft sizes (and, therefore, speeds), headwinds and even traffic conditions and, thus, hardly incite questions. Indeed, the point is most whether on-time arrivals matter that much to most Indians anyway, used as we are to late trains and buses. There is no denying, however, the smiles on the faces of passengers when they are told by usually chatty airline captains these days that their flights have reached their destinations half an hour 'ahead' of schedule. So, it seems cruel to deny them that comforting, if notional, buffer given the delays that await thereafter: interminable circling before touchdown thanks to air congestion or absent instrumental landing facilities in bad weather, not to mention tortuously long taxiing and docking procedures before they actually disembark. The DGCA should perhaps also demand honesty from airports about that extra time.

- 9. What is the issue that the author of the passage is attempting to highlight?
  - (1) The means by which customers are kept at least notionally happy by the service industry.
  - (2) A humorous account of his experience in a restaurant.
  - (3) An amazing experience that he had in a flight.
  - (4) None of these
- 10. What is the time-tested gimmick adopted by restaurants that the author has discussed in the passage?
  - (1) Filling-in the intervening period between taking the order and serving the food with a series of activities.
  - (2) Informing the customer that the order would take longer than the expected time for delivery.
  - (3) Playing music or switching-on the TV in the restaurant.
  - (4) All these
- 11. What, according to the author, is the recipe for success for a restaurant?
  - (1) Serving up food in the quickest possible time.
  - (2) Getting their chefs to cook up the tastiest food in town.
  - (3) Getting a fix on what the customers expect; and would feel satisfied with.
  - (4) Train their waiters to be polite with the customers.
- 12. Which of the following statements is true in the context of the passage?
  - (1) Indians are used to late arrivals and departures of all means of public transport.
  - (2) Restaurants and airlines are cheating the public.
  - (3) There is generally no difference in flight times of different airlines flying to the same destination.
  - (4) Customer anticipation and satisfaction are two sides of the same coin.

## Passage IV

Rising inflation, coupled with a new packaging legislation, will make price hikes of packaged foods inevitable, says the Divisional Chief Executive of ITC's foods division. On one hand the costs of inputs such as raw material, furnace oil and packaging material and even logistics have gone up, while on the other, the new packaging law that bans producers from reducing the quantity inside the packet, will leave them with no choice but to raise prices. This new Legal Metrology Act is likely to come into force shortly. At present, FMCG companies rely on reduced quantity to tackle rising inflationary pressure on input costs rather than changing the price points owing mainly to coinage issues. The new Act will make the price-point concept impossible, he said. On the demand-supply side, he said the company had to make a lot of efforts to meet the spurt in demand for its cream biscuits. Giving an example, he said the company's premium range offerings such as Dark Fantasy and Dream Cream Bourbon have witnessed a growth of 118 per cent in the second quarter over the first. Even other Sunfeast premium creams have shown a growth of 72 per cent in Q2 over Q1. Responding to a question on competition from global brands such as Oreo (from Kraft Foods), McVitie's from (United Biscuits), and domestic brands such as Parle and Britannia, he said international competition is a reality. It is good, as it aids "premiumisation" of the category. He said this has actually enriched Sunfeast's portfolio last year. On the domestic front, given the emerging trends in consumption patterns, the biscuit market offers enormous opportunities, scope for improvement both in terms of new products and segments and also in terms of operational excellence. "The field of play is large and we are encouraged and really excited about the years ahead," he said. At present ITC's Sunfeast is the third largest national player after Parle and Britannia. The brand has 10 per cent share of the ₹ 15,000-crore biscuit market. And, within this, in the creams segment (which accounts for over ₹ 3,500 crore) Sunfeast commands 15 per

- The new Legal Metrology Act is in respect of 13.
  - the legalities involved in weather forecasting.
  - anything that has to be marketed in Metro cities. (2)
  - (3)packaging of biscuits only.
  - (4) packaged foods in general.
- How has competition from foreign brands affected the Indian biscuit market? 14.
  - Only the three largest manufacturers survived; while the smaller ones withered away.
  - The range of categories available to the Indian consumers has expanded. B.
  - The foreign brands got restricted to premium categories only; leaving the field open to domestic brands in non-premium categories.
  - (1) A & B
- (2) B & C
- (3) B only
- (4) A, B & C
- The price-point concept discussed in the passage is referring to 15.
  - fixing prices of packaged foods in round figures for ease of payment at the point of purchase.
  - prices to be fixed by the government. (2)
  - variations of prices from point-to-point in any city. (3)
  - (4) None of these
- It can be accurately inferred from the passage that 16.
  - Parle is the largest selling brand of biscuits in India.
  - Sunfeast is the third largest selling brand of cream biscuits in the country. (2)
  - competition from foreign brands has adversely affected the sales of Sunfeast. (3)
  - (4) All these

#### Passage V

Changes in lifestyle are ushered in primarily by growing urbanization. With urbanizat availability of food that can be purchased in small quantities, stored easily and cooked easily we attract greater demand. Fresh looks, standardization in looks and quality would fetch better price. I foods would attract urban consumers. There may be quicker convergence of tastes across income gro in the urban setting than in rural settings. Although rural life was synonymous with nutritious for the urban population may yet embrace better nutrition. Diversification of the food basket is likely to faster in the urban setting. Diversification of food in terms of rising share of fruits, vegetables livestock products is one change in demand that the farm sector would have to re-orient its supplies While there are the inevitable supply-side bottlenecks, demand may rise sharply and quickly as a re of shifts in tastes and preferences. What might facilitate diversification of the food basket are improvements in consumption infrastructure. Urban population growth will spur demand for his value food items. Sustained growth of farm income will require urban growth and support diversification of the food basket by the consumers. Creating better urban infrastructure for the industry will help the farm sector. A change in consumption patterns is likely to benefit small as as large farmers so long as they can make the changes in their output composition. Urbanization make demands on land and water, but will also raise the demand for high-value farm output.

- 17. The author of the passage appears to believe that growing urbanization
  - (1) is a necessary evil for progress.
  - (2) is the only reason for changes in lifestyle.
  - (3) is a major factor affecting lifestyle changes.
  - (4) leads to higher incidence of lifestyle diseases.
- 18. As per the passage, growth in urban population would result in
  - A. more houses being built.
  - B. higher demand for drinking water.
  - C. demand for more nutritious food items.
  - (1) C only
- (2) B & C
- (3) A & B
- (4) A, B & C
- 19. What, according to the passage, is the major challenge that growing urbanization, and resultant growth in demand, would throw up?
  - (1) Farmers would have to find more efficient ways to ensure continuous supply of t produce to urban areas.
  - (2) More playgrounds would have to be made available for the children to play in.
  - (3) Better roads would have to be laid in cities to facilitate the farmers' carts and tractor ply.
  - (4) All these
- 20. It can be inferred from the passage that
  - urban growth is pushing the farmers to shake off their habitual laziness and incr
    farm output.
  - (2) growing urban demand for farm produce is leading to unhealthy competitiveness amo farmers.
  - (3) food packaging industries would have to come up in villages to keep pace with us demands for convenience foods.
  - (4) growing urbanization will lead to improvements in rural lifestyles also.

MD 1000/B/2K12/02

(6)



#### Passage VI

If you think that most poor people in the world live in the poorest-countries, you are mistaken. A new study of 1.65 billion of the world's poor shows that 72 per cent (1,189 million) live in middle income countries compared with 459 million in low income countries. What's more, higher percentage (586 million) live in 'severe poverty' in middle income countries than in low income countries (285 million), says the study. Nearly three quarters of the poor live in middle income countries. Another key finding is that 50 per cent (827 million) of the poor live in South Asia, which includes India, and 29 per cent (473 million) in Sub-Saharan Africa. "Multi-dimensionally" poor people in middle income countries have simply been bypassed as their nation's comparative wealth increased, says the study. The poverty measure used in the study took into account a range of deprivations in areas such as education, malnutrition, child mortality, sanitation and services. The researchers analysed the most recent publicly available household survey data for 109 countries, covering 93 per cent of people living in low- and middle-income countries. Middle-income countries are classed as those with an average yearly wage of between \$1,006 and \$12,275, while low income countries are those with a national average wage of \$1,005 or below.

- 21. Which of the following statements is not implied in the passage?
  - (1) Less than one-third of the world's poor live in poorer countries.
  - (2) More than 70% of the population in middle-income countries is poor.
  - (3) Oxford University, UK, recently conducted a study of 1.65 billion poor of the world's population.
  - (4) All these
- 22. Which of the following factors are considered relevant in measuring poverty?

A. Income

B. Education

C. Nutrition

(1) A only

(2) A & B

(3) A & C

(4) A, B & C

- 23. Countries are categorized as middle-income or low-income depending on
  - (1) the national average yearly income.
- (2) the number of poor people in the country.

(3) Both (1) and (2)

- (4) Neither (1) nor (2)
- 24. As per the study referred to in the passage,
  - (1) data of only 109 countries is available.
  - (2) fifty per cent of the world's poor live in India.
  - (3) there are no higher income countries in the world today.
  - (4) many poor people in middle-income countries did not benefit from the growth and development taking place there.

## Passage VII

Italian coffee chain Lavazza has launched its international brand Espression in the country in a move that industry insiders say will push Barista Lavazza to the back seat. The first outlet o Espression, positioned at the high-end of the café segment in the country, opened at Connaught Place in New Delhi in September 2011, replacing a Barista Lavazza café. But company executives say the two brands will co-exist. "Lavazza Barista remains an Indian reality with an extensive presence in the region," the Lavazza Asia and Pacific Director said. There are more than 160 Barista Lavazza cafes in India. Lavazza entered India in 2007 with the acquisition of café chain Barista Coffee Company and coffee vendor and retailer Fresh & Honest. Officials said it is in the midst of a consolidation phase in the country. Over the past few months, it also witnessed changes in leadership. The then CEO c Barista Coffee Company, stepped down in September 2011 to join Om Pizza & Eats, the holdin company for Papa John's, the Great Kabab Factory and Chili's. Lavazza Espression, known for it culinary collaboration with the three-Michelin star El Bulli restaurant's chef, is expected to ente Bangalore and Mumbai next. Its food and beverages are priced 15-20% higher than the classic Barista Espression, globally launched in 2007, has presence in Italy, the US, China, Spain, Ireland, Republication, and the control of of Korea, Romania and the UK. Industry players say Espression is Lavazza's strategy to differentiat in a market dominated by Café Coffee Day. There are an estimated 5,000 outlets of café chains in th country, growing 20-25% a year. Competition includes Costa Coffee and Gloria Jean's Coffee Espression will be positioned at par with players such as Coffee Bean & Tea Leaf and Segafred Zanetti Espresso that are present at the top end of the market, said a person with direct knowledge of the development.

- 25. Espression', the international brand, has presence in which of the following countries?
  - (1) Italy, US, China, UK
  - (2) Romania, Ireland, Spain, Korea
  - (3) India, US, UK, Italy
  - (4) All these
- 26. The Italian coffee chain Lavazza entered the Indian market in which year ?
  - (1) 2007
  - (2) 2011
  - (3) Expected to enter some time in 2012
  - (4) Can't say
- 27. It is implied in the passage that
  - (1) Lavazza wants to ease out the Barista brand from India.
  - (2) the launch of Espression is a strategy to grab market share from Café Coffee Day.
  - (3) El Bulli's food and beverages are priced 15-20% higher than the classic Barista.
  - (4) there are 5000 coffee chains operating in India.

(8)

MD 1000/B/2K12/02



#### Passage VIII

Kolkata headquartered menswear apparel and accessories maker Turtle is planning to launch its own brand of casual wear clothing. The company is in talks with several foreign players - mostly UK-based denim brands - to firm up its product portfolio for the new range. The new brand is expected to be launched between end of 2012 and early 2013. A name has not been decided. "Some foreign collaborator may partner us for the project. However, if the talks fail, we may go ahead on our own," says the director of Turtle. "Plans have not yet been cemented but we are expecting the launch of this new brand in another 12 to 15 months." Market sources say that a possible entry of foreign brands in a market could be through a licensing agreement, a joint venture or a buyout of the intellectual property rights of the (foreign) brand. Turtle has some denim offerings, but it does not have a dedicated range of casual wear. "Most casual brands concentrate on denim as an offering and we are also exploring the option," he said. The brand with sales of ₹85 crore is targeting ₹130 crore in the current fiscal. The company has two lifestyle brands under the names Turtle and London Bridge. While Turtle competes with premium brands such as Scullers and Lombard, London Bridge is a value brand offering lower priced products. According to the director, the company is firming up its production capacities to cater to an increase in demand as well as its new clothing range. While talks are on with private labels in Bangladesh, it is also in discussions with Indian private labels to ensure higher supply. The company produces nearly two million units annually from its facilities - one each in Kolkata (West Bengal) and Bangalore (Karnataka). It procures another one million units from private labels in India.

28. The range of clothing offered by Turtle includes

A. Menswear

B. Casualwear

C. Denim

(1) A & B

(2) A & C

(3) A only

(4) A, B & C

29. Turtle is looking at possible collaborators from which of the following countries in order to launch its own casualwear clothing?

A. UK

B. Bangladesh

C. India

(1) A only

(2) A & B

(3) A, B & C

(4) A & C

30. Which of the following statements is implied in the passage?

- (1) The company (Turtle) would end the current year with a turnover of ₹ 130 crore.
- (2) Turtle expects to increase its turnover to ₹ 130 crore with the launch of a new casualwear brand.
- (3) Turtle has collaboration with a London brand.
- (4) India and Bangladesh are worthy destinations for foreign collaborators.

MD 1000/B/2K12/02

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		ragraph.	94) . Choose the ord	er of the sent	ences markea .	a, b, c, b	ana E to jorm
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	В.		enemy and he will		al than a frien	id, because	he has more
	C.	State of the state	emies, find a way to	make them.	*		
	D.		more to fear from fr				
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	(1)	CDBEA	(2) CEDAB		ECDAB		EABDC
32.	A.	The problem is the	at you often do not	know your fr	iends as vou i		
	В.	and the same of th	ant to employ your f	and the same of th	The second secon		s of need.
	C.		rsh place, and your				
1	D.		stranger when you				
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	(1)	CBDEA	(2) BCEDA	(3)	CBADE	(4)	CDBEA
33.	A.	They brought gifts	to the babe in the	manger.			
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	C.	The Magi were wi					
	D.		art of giving Christ	mas present	s.		
	E.	They were wonder		BO TO TE			AND DECK
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34.	A.	He was a great he	eavy fellow from the	Middle Wes	t.		
	В.		g visit to New York				
	C.	Colored Management Colored States	a very pretty little t				
	D.		e American Consula				
	E.	He was on his wa	y back to resume hi	s post.			
	(1)	DAEBC	(2) DABCE	(3)	BCEAD	(4)	ABCED
Dire	ction	s (Questions 35 -	38) : Choose the opt	ion which be	st expresses the	e meaning	of the word(s)
bold	in th	e sentence.					
35.	Sin	ce he promised to d	o so, I <b>presume</b> he	will come.			
	(1)	think	(2) guess	(3)	suppose	(4)	believe
36.			s in his dealings wit			*	
	(1)		(2) haughty		indifferent	(4)	very careful
37.			the organization wa	as very usefu	d.	140	11:1-1
	(1)	analysed	(2) enclosed		collected	(4)	published
38.		rides the high ho	rse because of his		ons. puts on airs	(4)	is prosperous
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	enten		42). Choose the wor	a which is o	ppostie in med	ning of the	word in both
39.	Suc	h a scene attracts	the onlookers.			Training to	***
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40.	Thi	s window-glass is t			200		
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	(1)	prohibit	(2) decrease	(3)	surpass	(4)	compensate
42.	It v	vas a unanimous	decision.	(0)	discordant	(4)	divergent
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								for the given words.
43.	Per	rtaining to the sc	CIICC	of group cultur	es, con	ventions, etc		
	(1)	biological	(2)	philological	(3)	sociological	(4)	psychological
44.	Stu	ident of the mean	ing a	and psychology	of word	ls		
	(1)	philanderer	(2)	etymologist	(3)	entomologist	(4)	semanticist
45.	Son	nething, or some	ne, o	ut of time				
	(1)	incongruity	(2)	anachronism	(3)	chronicity	(4)	incorrigible
46.	A calc	method of doing culation.						er than theory or careful
	(1)	rule of thumb	(2)	rule of three	(3)	fact	(4)	law
Dire	ection	ns (Questions 47 spelt. Choose the c	– <b>50</b> )	: A word has l tly spelt word.	een wr	itten in four differ	ent wo	ys out of which only one is
47.	(1)	bouquete	(2)	bouquet	(3)	boquet	(4)	bouquette
48.	(1)	hetrogenous		hetrogeneous	(3)	heterogenous	(4)	heterogeneous
49.	(1)	brethoren		1	(3)	brethren		brethron
50.	(1)	aliennate	(2)		(3)		(4)	
	(1)		(4)	amenate	(0)	anenate	(4)	alienatte
Dire	ection	ns (Questions 51	- 54)	: Fill in the bl	anks.			
51.	We	must prevent en	dange	ered wild anim	al speci	es from becomin	g	in order that our
~					The state of the s		0	m order that our
	futu	ire generation ma	ау	the	great	diversity of anim	al life.	
	futu	rare, escape	ау	the				
	futu (1)		ау		(2)	diversity of anim outdated, know extinct, enjoy		
52.	(1) (3) The	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we	ere no	ot	(2) (4) with	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages		
	futu (1) (3) The the	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we last three month	ere no	ot	(2) (4) with	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages		non-payment of wages for
	(1) (3) The the (1)	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we last three month good, put	ere no	otfue	(2) (4) with el to the (2)	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages e flames. satisfied, added	, and	
52.	futu (1) (3) The the (1) (3)	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we last three month good, put joyful, poured	ere no	ot fue	(2) (4) with el to the (2) (4)	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages e flames. satisfied, added pleased, directe	, and	non-payment of wages for
52.	(1) (3) The the (1) (3) Tho work	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we last three month good, put joyful, poured ough he is reputed k of others as he	ere no	otfue	(2) (4) with el to the (2) (4)	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages e flames. satisfied, added pleased, directe	, and	
52.	(1) (3) The the (1) (3) Tho work (1)	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we last three month good, put joyful, poured ough he is reputed k of others as he advice, unconsci	ere no	otfue	(2) (4) with el to the (2) (4)	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages flames. satisfied, added pleased, directe, his books was extended.	, and l ed were sa	non-payment of wages for
<b>52. 53.</b>	(1) (3) The the (1) (3) Tho work (1) (3)	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we last three month good, put joyful, poured bugh he is reputed k of others as he advice, unconsci	ore no	ot fue his technical _ ed originality.	(2) (4) with (2) (4) (2) (4)	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages e flames. satisfied, added pleased, directed, his books waskill, independed expertise, deriv	, and ded	non-payment of wages for adly of the
52.	(1) (3) The the (1) (3) Tho work (1) (3)	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we last three month good, put joyful, poured ough he is reputed k of others as he advice, unconsci knowledge, igno hing is so	ere no	ot fue his technical _ ed originality.	(2) (4) with el to the (2) (4) (2) (4) as an	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages e flames. satisfied, added pleased, directed, his books was kill, independent expertise, derive extreme of self processing the satisfied of the sat	, and ded	non-payment of wages for
<b>52. 53.</b>	(1) (3) The the (1) (3) Tho work (1) (3) Noti	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we last three month good, put joyful, poured bugh he is reputed k of others as he advice, unconsci knowledge, igno hing is so of what detrimental, cor	of for lacker ous rant other ocern	his technical _ ed originality to a nation	(2) (4) with el to the (2) (4) (2) (4) as an	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages e flames. satisfied, added pleased, directed, his books was kill, independent expertise, derive extreme of self processing the satisfied of the sat	, and d were sa ent ative	non-payment of wages for adly of the
<b>52. 53.</b>	(1) (3) The the (1) (3) Tho work (1) (3) Not	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we last three month good, put joyful, poured ough he is reputed k of others as he advice, unconsci knowledge, igno hing is so of what	of for lacker ous rant other ocern	his technical _ ed originality to a nation	(2) (4)  with (2) (4)  (2) (4)  (2) (4)  as an hope of	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages e flames. satisfied, added pleased, directed, his books waskill, independent expertise, derive extreme of self par fear.	, and ded	non-payment of wages for adly of the
52. 53.	future (1) (3) The the (1) (3) Tho work (1) (3) Not. (1) (3)	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we last three month good, put joyful, poured ough he is reputed k of others as he advice, unconsci knowledge, igno hing is so of what detrimental, cor unethical, discre	othern	ot fue his technical _ ed originality to a nation s will naturally	(2) (4) with el to the (2) (4) (2) (4) as an (2) (4)	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages e flames. satisfied, added pleased, directed, his books was skill, independent expertise, derivextreme of self por fear. repugnant, sens fatal, consideral	, and ded	non-payment of wages for adly of the
52. 53. 54.  Dire	futu (1) (3) The the (1) (3) Tho work (1) (3) Noti	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we last three month good, put joyful, poured ough he is reputed k of others as he advice, unconsoi knowledge, igno hing is so of what detrimental, cor unethical, discre us (Questions 55	othern	ot fue his technical _ ed originality to a nation s will naturally	(2) (4) with el to the (2) (4) (2) (4) as an hope (2) (4) s been l	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages e flames. satisfied, added pleased, directed, his books was skill, independent expertise, derivextreme of self por fear. repugnant, sens fatal, consideration of the four por four process.	, and ded	non-payment of wages for adly of the ty, and the total want of
52. 53. 54.	future (1) (3) The the (1) (3) Tho work (1) (3) Not. (1) (3)	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we last three month good, put joyful, poured ough he is reputed k of others as he advice, unconsci knowledge, igno hing is so of what detrimental, cor unethical, discre	othern	ot fue his technical _ ed originality to a nation s will naturally	(2) (4) with (2) (4)  (2) (4)  (2) (4)  as an (2) (4)  s been been been been been been been bee	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages of flames. satisfied, added pleased, directed, his books was skill, independent expertise, derivextreme of self por fear. repugnant, sens fatal, consideration for the position of the position	ed were sa ent ative partialise tion arts. C	non-payment of wages for adly of the ty, and the total want of
52. 53. 54.  Dire	future (1) (3) The the (1) (3) Thou work (1) (3) Not (1) (3) ction (1) (3)	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we last three month good, put joyful, poured bugh he is reputed k of others as he advice, unconsoi knowledge, igno hing is so of what detrimental, cor unethical, discre us (Questions 55 When you are finish	other action – 57)	ot fue his technical _ ed originality to a nation s will naturally	(2) (4) with el to the (2) (4) (2) (4) as an (2) (4) s been l (2) (4)	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages e flames. satisfied, added pleased, directed, his books was skill, independent expertise, derivextreme of self por fear. repugnant, sens fatal, consideration four properties of the properties of the sense of the sense fatal of the sense of the sense fatal of the sense of the sense fatal of the sense of the se	ed were sa ent eative partialise tion arts. Cossign?	non-payment of wages for adly of the ty, and the total want of
52. 53. 54.  Dire	future (1) (3) The the (1) (3) Tho work (1) (3) Not. (1) (3) ction (1) (3) (1)	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we last three month good, put joyful, poured ough he is reputed k of others as he advice, unconsci knowledge, igno hing is so of what detrimental, cor unethical, discre as (Questions 55  When you are finish If you don't act	other action – 57)	ot fue his technical _ ed originality to a nation s will naturally	(2) (4)  with (2) (4)  (2) (4)  as an (2) (4)  s been been been been been been been bee	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages of flames. satisfied, added pleased, directed, his books was skill, independent expertise, derivextreme of self por fear. repugnant, sens fatal, consideration for the flame of the Himalayan	ed were sa ent eative partialise tion arts. Cossign?	non-payment of wages for adly of the ty, and the total want of
52. 53. 54.  Director 55. 56.	future (1) (3) The the (1) (3) Tho work (1) (3) Note (1) (3) (3) (1) (3) (1) (3)	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we last three month good, put joyful, poured bugh he is reputed k of others as he advice, unconsoi knowledge, igno hing is so of what detrimental, cor unethical, discre us (Questions 55  When you are finish  If you don't act will eventually	other action – 57)	ot fue his technical _ ed originality to a nation s will naturally	(2) (4) with el to the (2) (4) (2) (4) as an (2) (4) s been l (2) (4) (2) (4) (2) (4)	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages e flames. satisfied, added pleased, directed, his books was skill, independent expertise, derivextreme of self por fear. repugnant, sens fatal, consideration four position of the making this destroyed.	ed were sa ent eative partialise tion arts. Cossign?	non-payment of wages for adly of the ty, and the total want of
52. 53. 54.  Dire	future (1) (3) The the (1) (3) Tho work (1) (3) Not. (1) (3) ction (1) (3) (1)	rare, escape volatile, notice mill workers we last three month good, put joyful, poured ough he is reputed k of others as he advice, unconsci knowledge, igno hing is so of what detrimental, cor unethical, discre as (Questions 55  When you are finish If you don't act	other action – 57)	ot fue his technical _ ed originality to a nation s will naturally	(2) (4)  with (2) (4)  (2) (4)  as an (2) (4)  s been been been been been been been bee	outdated, know extinct, enjoy their low wages of flames. satisfied, added pleased, directed, his books was skill, independent expertise, derivextreme of self por fear. repugnant, sens fatal, consideration for the flame of the Himalayan	, and ded were sa ent ative partialise tion arts. Cosign?	adly of the ty, and the total want of thoose the part that has an

MD 1000/B/2K12/02

(11



Directions (Questions 58 - 60): For these questions, identify the correctly written option conveying the message clearly.

- 58. (1) To anyone in later times who knew of Hari Seldon only as a legendary demigod, it would seem almost sacrilegious for him not to have white hair.
  - To anyone in later times who had known of Hari Seldon only as a legendary demigod, it (2)would seem almost sacrilegious for him not to have white hair.
  - (3) To anyone in later times who know of Hari Seldon only as a legendary demigod, it would seem almost sacrilegious for him not to have white hair.
  - To anyone in later times who have known of Hari Seldon only as a legendary demigod, it (4)would seem almost sacrilegious for him not to have white hair.
- 59. There were over two hundred assistant district attorneys in New York City and five district (1) attorneys, one for each borough.
  - (2)There were to be over two hundred assistant district attorneys in New York City and five district attorneys, one for each borough.
  - There was to be over two hundred assistant district attorneys in New York City and five (3)district attorneys, one for each borough.
  - There is over two hundred assistant district attorneys in New York City and five district (4) attorneys, one for each borough.
- 60. In the year 1878 I could take my degree of Doctor of Medicine of the University of London, and proceeded to Netley to go through the course prescribed for surgeons in the army.
  - In the year 1878 I took my degree of Doctor of Medicine of the University of London, and (2)proceeded to Netley to go through the course prescribed for surgeons in the army.
  - In the year 1878 I had taken my degree of Doctor of Medicine of the University of London, and proceeded to Netley to go through the course prescribed for surgeons in the army.
  - In the year 1878 I did take my degree of Doctor of Medicine of the University of London, and proceeded to Netley to go through the course prescribed for surgeons in the army.

61. If 
$$\frac{x}{y} = \frac{3}{4}$$
, then the value of  $\left(\frac{6}{7} + \frac{y-x}{y+x}\right)$  equals

(1)  $\frac{5}{7}$  (2)  $1\frac{1}{7}$  (3) 1 (4) 2

62. Three-fourths of one-fifth of a number is 60. The number is

(1) 300 (2) 400 (3) 450 (4) 1200 The value of 
$$9^2 \times 18^4 \div 3^{16}$$
 is

(2)  $\frac{4}{9}$ 

If  $x * y = (x + 2)^2 (y - 2)$  then 7 \* 5 = ?64. (1) 234 (2) 243 343 423

 $\sqrt{(?\times7)} \times 18 = 84$ 65. 3.14

(1) 3.11 (2) 3.12If  $a^2 + b^2 = 45$  and ab = 18, what is  $\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b}$ (1)  $\pm \frac{1}{3}$  (2)  $\pm \frac{2}{3}$ 66.

Cannot be determined

(12)

Which of the following is in decreasing (descending) order? 67.

(1) 
$$\frac{3}{5}$$
,  $\frac{1}{2}$ ,  $\frac{21}{50}$ ,  $\frac{3}{10}$  (2)  $\frac{5}{6}$ ,  $\frac{3}{4}$ ,  $\frac{5}{8}$ ,  $\frac{6}{7}$  (3)  $\frac{7}{12}$ ,  $\frac{5}{16}$ ,  $\frac{17}{36}$ ,  $\frac{1}{3}$  (4)  $\frac{3}{5}$ ,  $\frac{5}{7}$ ,  $\frac{13}{16}$ ,  $\frac{97}{104}$ 

MD 1000/B/2K12/02

63.



	A man spends $\frac{2}{z}$	of his salary on	food, $\frac{3}{2}$ of his sala	ary on house rent and $\frac{1}{8}$	of the sal
	5 clothes. He still has	s ₹ 1400 left wi	10 th him. What is his	salary?	of the salary or
	(1) ₹ 7500	(2) ₹ 5000			
69.			(3) ₹ 1000 85 of 325 to get 300		
	(1) 66.356	(2) 45.365	(3) 77·375		
70.	How many times de		into half of third?		
71	(1) 2	(2) 1/2	(3) 1/3	(4) 2/3	
71.	are holding scholars (1) 22%	r of boys and gir ship, what is the (2) 45%	els in a school is 3 : 2 e percentage of school (3) 36%	2. If 20% of the boys and ol students who hold schol (4) 55%	25% of the girls arship?
72.	companipation of colfe	ee, so as to nave	by 3%, by how muc e no extra expenditu	ch percent must a house	vife reduce her
	$(1)  3\frac{45}{103}\%$	(2) $2\frac{94}{103}\%$	(3) 3%	(4) 2%	
73.	price of colimakes [	per kg :		%, the increase is ₹ 10. W	hat is the new
74.	(1) ₹ 60	(2) ₹ 35	(3) ₹ 70	(4) ₹ 50	
4.	3	to give the nev	w price ?	atio of the factor by which	h the old price
	$(1)  \frac{3}{4}$	(2) $\frac{8}{8}$	$(3)  \frac{6}{7}$	(4) None of the	nese
5.	Simple Interest on a both are equal?	a certain sum is	16 over 25 of the su	ım. What is the rate perce	ent and time, if
	(1) 8% and 8 years		(2) 7% and	d 7 years	
	(3) 5% and 5 years	5	(4) None o		
6.	Out of a certain sum for 2 years from all	$\frac{1}{3}$ rd is investe these investmen	ed at 3%, $\frac{1}{6}$ th at 6% at amounts to ₹ 600	and the rest at 8%. If the	simple interest
	(1) ₹ 5500	(2) ₹ 6500	(3) ₹ 5000		
7.	it would have letche	mple interest at d ₹ 56 more. W	a certain rate for 4 y	years. Had it been put at 2	% higher rate,
	(1) ₹ 520	(2) ₹ 700	(3) ₹ 350	(4) ₹ 600	of other lands
	What sum of money interest being charge	y lent at compo	und interest will an	mount to ₹ 968 in 2 year	s at 10% p.a.,
8.		PARTY RATE OF THE PARTY OF THE			
	(1) ₹ 600	(2) ₹ 800	(3) ₹ 750	(4) ₹ 850	
	(1) ₹ 600 A and B can do a pi will A take separate	(2) ₹ 800 iece of work in 1 ly to do the sam	12 days, B and C in ne work?	15 days, C and A in 20 d	ays. How long
9.	<ul><li>(1) ₹ 600</li><li>A and B can do a pi</li><li>will A take separate</li><li>(1) 60 days</li></ul>	(2) ₹800 iece of work in 1 ly to do the sam (2) 20 days	12 days, B and C in ne work? (3) 30 days	15 days, C and A in 20 d s (4) 40 days	
9.	<ul> <li>(1) ₹ 600</li> <li>A and B can do a pi will A take separate</li> <li>(1) 60 days</li> <li>Two friends take a p</li> </ul>	(2) ₹800 iece of work in 1 ly to do the sam (2) 20 days iece of work for	12 days, B and C in ne work? (3) 30 days ₹ 960. One alone cou	15 days, C and A in 20 d	per in 16 days
9.	<ul> <li>(1) ₹ 600</li> <li>A and B can do a pi will A take separate</li> <li>(1) 60 days</li> <li>Two friends take a p With the assistance</li> </ul>	(2) ₹800 iece of work in 1 ly to do the sam (2) 20 days iece of work for	12 days, B and C in ne work? (3) 30 days ₹ 960. One alone cou	15 days, C and A in 20 d s (4) 40 days	per in 16 days
9.	<ul> <li>(1) ₹ 600</li> <li>A and B can do a piwill A take separate</li> <li>(1) 60 days</li> <li>Two friends take a p With the assistance expert get?</li> <li>(1) ₹ 500</li> <li>Arjun takes twice as They together finish work?</li> </ul>	(2) ₹800 iece of work in 1 ly to do the sam (2) 20 days iece of work for of an expert th (2) ₹400 s much as Kant	12 days, B and C in ne work? (3) 30 days ₹ 960. One alone country finish it in 4 day (3) ₹ 350 i and thrice as much	15 days, C and A in 20 d s (4) 40 days ald do it in 12 days, the oth ys. How much remuneration	ner in 16 days. on should the
8. 9.	<ul> <li>(1) ₹ 600</li> <li>A and B can do a piwill A take separate</li> <li>(1) 60 days</li> <li>Two friends take a p With the assistance expert get?</li> <li>(1) ₹ 500</li> <li>Arjun takes twice as They together finish</li> </ul>	(2) ₹800 iece of work in 1 ly to do the sam (2) 20 days iece of work for of an expert th (2) ₹400 s much as Kant	12 days, B and C in ne work? (3) 30 days ₹ 960. One alone country finish it in 4 day (3) ₹ 350 i and thrice as much	15 days, C and A in 20 d s (4) 40 days ald do it in 12 days, the oth ys. How much remuneration (4) ₹ 250	ner in 16 days. on should the

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83.	The ratio of number what is the number				is 4:3. If the	re ar	e 480 boys in the scho
	(1) 360	(2) 250		(3) 200			300
84.	A and B together hamount does B have	ave ₹ 121 ?	0. If $\frac{4}{15}$ of 1	A's amou	ant is equal to	$\frac{2}{5}$ o	of B's amount, how mu
	(1) ₹ 460	(2) ₹ 48	34	(3) ₹ 5	550	(4)	₹ 664
85.	What fraction bears	the same	ratio to $\frac{3}{7}$ th	$\frac{1}{5}$ do	pes to $\frac{7}{15}$ ?		
	(1) $\frac{7}{8}$	(2) $\frac{9}{49}$		(3) $\frac{7}{53}$		(4)	$\frac{11}{13}$
86.	ratio of 7: 4, then v	vhat is the	e ratio of inco		Ram, Shyam an	d Mo	
05	(1) 21 : 35 : 20		21:7:15	11	(3) 21 : 35 : 19		(4) None of these
87.	is the approximate d					G9063	f 60° with the wall. Wh
252	(1) 7 m	(2) 13		(3) 14			15 m
88.	From a tower 125 m tower?	n high, th	e angle of de	pression	of a car is 30°	. Ho	w far is the car from t
USW (NO. 1)	(1) 216·5 m		·2 m				456·2 m
89.	The angle of elevation its opposite sides are (1) 47.32 m	e 45° and	60°. What is	the dista	ance between th	ne tw	
90.		he sun cl	nanged from	30° to 6	0°, then what		e difference between the
	(1) $3\sqrt{2}$ m				√5 m	(4)	4√6 m
conta		nine each	inference sepo				assage; and each questic assage and decide upon a
				it directl	y follows from	the f	acts given in the passag
	(3) if you think the	e data are	inadequate	20			light of the facts given. cannot say whether the
	inference is like (4) if you think the	The state of the s		false' i.e	e it contradict	s the	given facts.
	Procurement of whe agencies are likely to ever witnessed in the that the country's "for But strangely enough country even without of India seems to respect to the strangely enough to the strangely e	at is in fu o end up ne history ood securi gh, while t a drough remain un any serio	all swing in the with foodgrain of this country is not end the granariest. The estimated derfed. And ous policy-market.	he north- n stocks ry. This s langered es overflo tes of po- this coer ker think	western states of about 40 to stock should be even if India fow, there is stoverty are being xistence of grack and examine	of In 42 m more aces ill w deba	ndia. By June end, publication tonnes, the higher than sufficient to ensure two consecutive drought ridespread hunger in the lated, but broadly one-thing pulses with large scale existing policy mix with
MD 1	1000/B/2K12/02			14)			X0127111810071 V

A cistern is filled by a tap in  $3\frac{1}{2}$  hours. Due to a leak in the bottom of the cistern, it takes h

an hour longer to fill the cistern. If the cistern is full, how long will it take the leak to empty i

(2) 29 hours

(3)  $31\frac{1}{3}$  hours (4) 38 hours

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82.

(1) 28 hours

93	. Th	e distribution of	foodg	rains to the n	nogges h	as remained a p	secutive	e droughts.	
94	. Ind	lia's foodgrains	stock l	nas been satis	factory	as remained a pover the past few	roblem	area for India.	
<b>Di</b> me	rectio	ns (Questions	95 - 9	8) : In each	of the f	Mouing		ange the given words is ongst the alternatives.	n a
95.	a. (1)	Study a, c, b, d	b. (2)	Job	c.	Examination	d.	Earn	
96.	Sales (E)	Rain		c, a, b, d	(3)		(4)	c, d, a, b	
	(1)	b, a, d, c	b.	Monsoon	C.	Rescue	d.	Flood	
97.		Presentation	(2)	a, b, c, d	(3)		(4)	a, c, b, d	
	(1)	c, a, d, b	b.	Recommend		Arrival	d.	Discussion	
98.			(2)	b, a, c, d	(3)	a, c, d, b	(4)	a, c, b, d	
00.		Sometime	b.	Generally	c.	Seldom	d.	Always	
	(1)	b, d, c, a	(2)		(3)	The state of the s	(4)	c, d, a, b	
Dir	ection	is (Questions 9	9 - 102	2) : Complete	the serie	s by replacing the	e "?" m	arb	
99.	AC,	FH, KM, PR, "	?"				. 1720	<i>a,</i> n.	
	(1)	UW	(2)	VW	(3)	UX	(4)	m	
100	. 6, 1	1, 21, 36, 56, "?	"				(4)	TV	
	(1)		(2)	51	(3)	45	(4)		
101	. 10,	18, 28, 40, 54,			(0)	10	(4)	81	
	(1)		(2)	86	(3)	88	(4)	0.7	
102.	. 0, 6	, 24, 60, 120, 21	0. "?"		(6)	00	(4)	87	
	(1)	290		336	(3)	504	10	0.40	
103.	A m	an travels 3 km		ds North and	turns to	over the wint	(4)	240 es 4 km. Then he turns	
	the	South-West and	comes	to the startin	ng point.	How much dist	and goe	es 4 km. Then he turns	to
	1-1	11 1111	(4)	12 KM	(3)	13 km	111		
104.	Ram	travels 3 km to	wards	west and tur	ne loft	roog 9 h (1		ght, goes 1 km and again	
			els 3 l	m. How far i	s he from	n the starting po	oint.?	gnt, goes I km and again	in
	. (1)	2 KIII	(Z)	3 km	(3)	1 lem	(4)	5 km	
105.	A ma	an travels 1 km	east a	nd turns to his	s right.	After travelling 1	km, he	e again turns to the righ	
				9			,	again tarns to the righ	L.
100		North	(2)	East	(3)	South	(4)	West	
106.	took	started from h	is hou	se at 8:00 a.	m. for h	is cycling practic	**		+
	turn there on th	South-East and	proceet turn ack?	d till he reach and reached	ed the p	oint where he ha e at 10:30 a.m.	went 8	went 8 km towards Eas km. Then he decided to the first left turn. From distance did Gopal cove	0
107.			(2)		(3)	11 km	(4)	12 km	
101.	only	hrother of Deeps	w of V	ani who is si	ster-in-l	aw of Deepak. R	kajesh i	s father of Ramesh, the	e
	The second second	brother of Deeps Mother-in-law	in. 110	w is Saroj rei	area to 1	Jeepak !			
		Wife				Aunt			
108.			mon	a:J "m	(4)	Mother			
	the la	dy related to th	e man	?	of her	only brother is t	he brot	her of my wife." How is	3
		Mother-in-law		STORESTON OF					
		Maternal aunt				Sister of father-i	n-law		
					(4)	Mother's sister	7 62		
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					(15)				
						MEDICAL STREET			

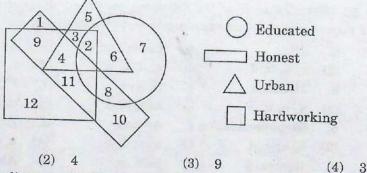
The policy-makers in India are unaware of prevalent hunger.

India always maintains foodgrain stocks to withstand two consecutive droughts.

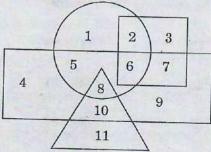
91.

92.

	In a family, each daughter has the same number of brothers as she has sisters and each son twice as many sisters as he has brothers. How many sons are there in the family?  (1) 2 (2) 3 (3) 4 (4) 5
110.	In the following diagram, hardworking people who are uneducated, dishonest and urban represented by
	$\sqrt{5}$



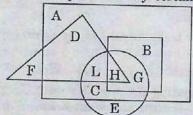
111. In the following diagram, the circle represents rural people, triangle represents educated peop square represents government officials and rectangle represents females.



Which among the following represents uneducated females belonging to rural areas but n government officials?

(1) 5 (2) 8 (3) 2 (4) 10

112. In the following diagram, the triangle represents teachers, square represents Members Parliament, circle represents graduates and rectangle represents politicians. Different regions the diagram are represented by certain alphabets.



Which of the following represent politicians who are not Members of Parliament?

(1) C, L, H, G (2) D, L, C, E (3) A, C, F, E (4) A, D, L, C

Directions (Questions 113 - 116): Each of these questions is followed by two statements numbered and II. Decide whether the data given in the statements are sufficient to answer the question. Mar.

- (1) if statement I alone is sufficient but statement II alone is not sufficient to answer th
- (2) if statement II alone is sufficient but statement I alone is not sufficient to answer the question.
- (3) if both statements I and II together are sufficient to answer the question but neither statement alone is sufficient.
- (4) if statements I and II together are not sufficient to answer the question.

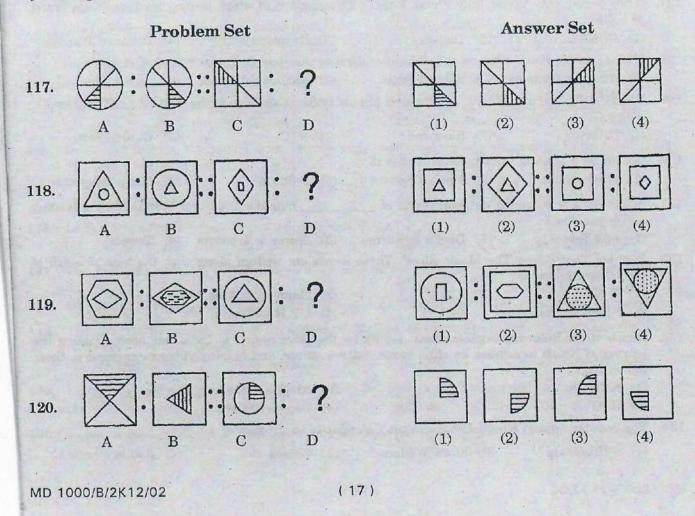
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(1)

(16)

- 113. How many litres of orange juice can an orange orchard of 375 orange trees produce?
  - I. Each tree produces an average of 400 oranges.
  - II. Each orange can give one cup of orange juice.
- 114. How many hours will it take for some students and teachers to put up a tent?
  - I. There are 4 teachers and 7 students.
  - II. A teacher alone can put it up in 5 hours while one student alone can do so in 3 hours.
- 115. How long will the tank take to fill up completely?
  - I. Two taps can fill up the tank in 6 hours.
  - II. One tap can empty the tank in 14 hours.
- 116. The area of a rectangle is equal to the area of a right-angled triangle. What is the length of the rectangle?
  - I. The base of the triangle is 40 cm.
  - II. The height of the triangle is 50 cm.

Directions (Questions 117 – 120): Each of these questions consists of two sets of figures. Figures A, B, C and D constitute the Problem Set while figures 1, 2, 3 and 4 constitute the Answer Set. There is a definite relationship between figures A and B. Establish a similar relationship between figures C and D by selecting a suitable figure from the Answer Set that would replace the question mark (?) in figure D.



12.	villages?	ata released in	July 20	11, wh	at is the	ne percentage	e of Indians living in
	(1) 50%	(2) 33%	3	(3)	70%		(4) 90%
122	2. Name the noted Indian December 22, 2011?	mathematician	whose	125 <sup>th</sup>	birth	anniversary	was celebrated or
	(1) Ramanujan		(2)	Bhaska	ra		
100	(3) Shakuntala Devi		(4) 1	None of	f these		
123	<ul> <li>Name the movie that won t in Hollywood, California in</li> <li>True Grit</li> </ul>	the Best Motion February 2011.					ny Awards ceremony
	(3) The Social Network			the Kir Black S	ng's Sp	eech	
124	. Which are the countries of	considered to be	the v	vorld's	wan five m	ajor emercia	
	and the f	onics countries	!			ajor emergii	ng economies; also
	(1) Brazil, Russia, India, (2) Brazil, Russia, India	China and South	n Africa				
	,, manual, manual,	China and Singa	apore				
	<ul><li>(3) Belgium, Romania, Ind</li><li>(4) Brazil, Russia, Italy, O</li></ul>	lia, China and S	ori Lanl	ca			
125.	A limited edition premium	Some Some	n Airic	a			
	A limited edition premium season by which foreign lux	ary brand :	as laur	iched i	n Indi	a during the	2011 Diwali festive
100	(1) Hermes (2)	Burberry	(3)	Unit	ed Colo	ors of Benetto	n (4) Hidesign
126.		mplete this jing	le of a	leading	suitin	gs brand of I	ndia.
197	(1) OCM (2)	Digjam	(3)	Dine	sh	(4)	Sivaram'e
127.	"Only Vimal, only Vimal, on of India?	ly Vimal, Vimal'	'. This j	ingle is	of wh	ich leading te	extile/suitings brand
	(1) OCM (2)	Digjam	(3)	Rayn	nond	(4)	Reliance Textiles
128.	Which leading Hindi film ac	tor had been en	dorsing	the Re	eid & 7	avlor brand	of suitings 2
	(1) Anntabil Bachchan (2)	Salman Khan	(3)	Shah	Rukh	Khan (4)	Aamir Khan
129.	makers ?	are the new bra	ands un	der wh	ich one	e of the follow	ring national textile
	(1) Reliance (2)	Raymond	(3)	NTC		(4)	Garden Silks
130.	'Jockey' is a leading internat	tional brand of					
		Men's Trousers	(3)	T-Shi	rts	(4)	Men's innerwear
131.	"Tibre" is a well-known nati					red and mor	leated by a last
	THE PARTY OF THE P	1.7.7			ituraco	u cu anu mar	keted by a leading
		Dhotis & Kurtas		Shirts	& Tro	users (4)	Powels .
132.	"Symbol That Keeps The Mathe following brands?	agic Alive". Thes	e words	are w	ritten	along with th	ne logo of which of
	(1) NTC		(2)	Handl	loom M	ark	
	(3) Khadi Gramodyog		(4)	UP H	andloor	ns	
133.	Which of the following organ journey of Khadi to acquire a industries?	izations set up in elite, haute co	by the outure s	Govern	nment and he	of India has lping villager	been scripting the s engaged in these
	(1) KVIC		(2)	Khadi	Grame	odyog Bhavar	
	(3) NTC		(4)	Cauve	ry Silk	s	
134.	The popular annual Kingfish	er Swimsuit Cal	endar i	s a pr	oduct o	of	
	(4) TTD 0	Shaw Wallace		Chivas			adico Khaitan
MD 1	000/B/2K12/02	1.1	8)				
			0 1				

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150.	(1) Assam (2) Manipur	(3) Meghalaya (4) Nagaland
150.	or mana is many the largest II	ct island in the world, located !
	In which State of India is Majuli, the largest riv	
149.	How many spokes does the navy blue wheel o (1) 32 (2) 24	r chakra on the national flag of India have? (3) 36 (4) None of these
	(1) Bangladesh (2) France	(3) UK (4) None of these
148.	(1) Allan Border (2) Ricky Ponting  The 150 <sup>th</sup> birth applicances of Bakink (1) m	(3) Sachin Tendulkar (4) Sunil Gavaskar
147.	The first international cricket player to cross a is	career aggregate of 10,000 runs in Test matches
	India's longest rail bridge is located in which State (1) West Bengal (2) Kerala	(3) Assam (4) Tamil Nadu
	(1) Richard Burton (3) Arnold Schwarzenegger	(2) Ronald Reagan (4) Jimmy Carter
145.	ended in January 2011.	t years tenure as Governor of California, U.S.A.,
144.	South India's first metro rail service was flagg (1) Andhra Pradesh (2) Kerala	
143.	What is the name of the baby girl born in recognized by the UN as the seven billionth inl  (1) Nafisa  (2) Nargis	
	(1) China (2) Pakistan	(3) Australia (4) Thailand
142.	Which country did India defeat in the elect Asia-Pacific region in the UN Joint Inspection	ion in November 2011 for the long good form
	(1) December 3 (2) December 4	(3) December 5 (4) December 6
141.	Which day is observed as World Day of the Ha	(4) Sarojini Naidu
	<ul><li>(1) Rabindranath Tagore</li><li>(3) Harivanshrai Bachchan</li></ul>	(2) Bankim Chandra Chatterji
140.	The nationally revered song "Vande Mataram'	
	<ul><li>(1) Film star Dev Anand</li><li>(3) Singer Jagjit Singh</li></ul>	(2) Painter MF Hussain (4) None of these
139.	Which internationally acclaimed artist of India 2011?	a died in London at the age of 97 years, in June
	(3) once in three months	(2) once a year (4) twice a year
138.	(1) and in two	
137.	(1) Dhanush (2) K.J. Yesudas	(3) S.P. Balasubramaniam (4) None of these
	(3) Miss World India	<ul><li>(2) Miss Universe</li><li>(4) Miss World</li></ul>
100	in July 2011?  (1) Miss Universe India	hich of the following titles in the event conducted
136.	(1) paints (2) suitings	(3) shoes (4) shirts
	********	endorsed by leading Hindi film actor Saif Ali